

The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 1636

日四十二年十月廿四號

HONGKONG THURSDAY NOVEMBER 27th, 1888.

二月

號七十二日十一英華

PRICE \$2⁵ PER MONTH

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

November 25, CLARA, German steamer, 674, Christensen, Hamburg 22nd November, and Hoiho 24th, General—SCHIMMEL & Co.
November 26, LAESTER, British str., 1,491, R. F. Scale, Nagasaki 21st November, General—BUTTERFIELD & SWINE.
November 26, PICCOLA, German steamer, 275, Th. Nissen, Chefoo 19th November, Beans—Ed. SCHELLHASS & Co.
November 26, SAGHALIAN, French str., 2,930, Honorey, Shanghai 24th November, Mails and General—MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
November 26, FIRES and British gunboat, Donsou, Manila 20th November.
November 26, JOHANNES BRUN, Norwegian str., 484, Wessberg, Tientsin and Chefoo 20th November, General—Ed. SCHELLHASS & Co.
November 26, VIEILLE, French gunboat, from Canton.
November 26, PRIMAUGUET, French corvette, Veron, Shanghai 23rd November.

CLEARANCES.
AT THE HAMPSHIRE MASTERS' OFFICE.
26TH NOVEMBER
Changsha, British str., for Foochow.
Norway, Norw. bark, for Whampoa.
Govt, Danish str., for Haiphong.
Govt, Goodwin, Amur ship, for New York.

DEPARTURES.

November 26, ALWINE, German str., for Hoihoi.
November 26, CYCLE, British str., for Shanghai.
November 26, NINGPO, Ger. str., for Shanghai.
November 26, CHANGSHA, British str., for Australia.
November 26, PICCOLA, Ger. str., for Whampoa.
November 26, NORWAY, Nor. br., for Whampoa.
November 26, SAPPHIRE, British corvette, for Singapore.
November 26, WANDBEEZ, British sloop for Singapore.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.
Per Clara, str., from Haiphong and Hoihoi.—33 Chinese.
Per Johannes Brun, str., from Tientsin, do.—2 European men and 6 Chinese.
Per Saghalian, str., from Shanghai.—For Hongkong—Mr. and Mrs. Yarker, Mr. and Mrs. Wong, infant and servants, Dr. Jacoby, Miss A. Truskowski, Messrs. J. Jones, R. E. D. Duncanson, Dr. Hall, MacCallum, Hutchinson, Dr. Duncanson, Merton, V. P. Pustas, Saha, Lane, Edwards, de Ross, U. Force, C. Force, Amsion, and 7 Chinese. For Saigon—Messrs. Courtial, Resplend, Martinez da Hora, Pecton, and Jacob, and 2 Chinese. For Singapore—M. and Mme. Bing, M. and Mme. Duncanson, and M. Joseph. For Calcutta—Miss Thomas's aman. For Marseilles—Mrs. Bassi, Messrs. Santoni, Dadi, two Masters Bassi, Gherardi, Anton, Gherardi, Gherardi, Gherardi, Faro, Balzer, Sartori, Gherardi, Emery, Davy, Berlin, Bubiat, and Isidro.
DEPARTED.
Per Clyde, str., for Shanghai—H.E. The Governor and Lady Des Vaux and child. His Honour Chief Justice Russell, Messrs. Slingsby Beetham, J. Moore, A. Steele, A. Turner, and N. Tindall.
Per Sadie, str., from Hongkong—For Singapore—Messrs. Scher, A. M. da Silva, M. Sam Kay, S. Weis, and Chan Young Sook. For Colombo—Dr. Philip Leach, U. S. N. G. For Gaoa—Capt. T. P. Underhill, Messrs. J. E. Nash, and John Silverlock. For Southampton—Miss Adams. For Bremerhaven—Mr. Baumgarten. From Shanghai—For Fort Said—Mr. and Mrs. Kappenberg, child and servant. For Geneva—Dr. Louis Lohmann, Dr. Chas. Behrens, and H. Schneider. For Southampton—Capt. and Mrs. Stott. For Bremen—Misses C. Vierordt and Wernicke. From Yokohama—For Singapore—Mr. Munaka Saito. For Colombo—Mr. Mizaki. For Bridgetown—Barney van Dornberg and servant. For Geneva—Miss H. Schipper. For Southampton—Messrs. A. Deas, James Campbell, W. Intyre, J. Rogers, and A. McDonald. For Bremen—Messrs. P. Jensen and E. Oehne.

REPORTS.

The British steamer *Lester*, from Nagasaki 21st November, reports bad strong N.W. gale blowing northward from Nagasaki to Turnabout; thus to port moderate winds from N.E. to E.N.E.

GUARANTEED the best Quality **EOL** **G**LANDS **G**IN, in Stone Bottles, at \$5 per dozen, also **PUNCH**, **CUEACAO**; **PER**, **SICO**, **ANISETTE**, &c., &c.

Good English DOUBLE BARRELED BRECH LOADING GUNS—12 Bore, the latest improvement in Boxes with everything complete. Price, \$45. do. &c.

J. E. SCHIFFER,
21 & 23, Fettering Street,
Hongkong, 5th July, 1888.

CUTLER, **P**ALME, & **C**o.
ESTABLISHED IN 1816.
OF LONDON, BORDEAUX, CALCUTTA, BOMBA
MADIAS, LANKA, KUTCHBEECH, &c.
Are represented in China by
Messrs. JADEH, MATHERSON & Co.
STRAND & CO., &c.
L. E. CRAWFORD & Co. & by
B. E. KENNELL & Co. in Japan.
Subjoined are some of the items consigned by these well-known Shippers.

SPIRITS,
COGNAC—The popular “2 Star” quality and best—No better shipped.
COGNAC—The well-known “2 Star” quality SCOTCH WHISKY.
The “CANTERBURY”—11 years old.
The “Heart Shaped Bottle.”
The “Square Bottle.”
Are C. P. & Co.'s selected Whiskies of perfect quality, each is well matured and free from Fusel oil.

The “GLENFIELD” in round bottles is popular and good.

IRISH WHISKY.
Only one quality consigned, the best.

POET.—“INVALID.”

Invalids in particular are recommended to select this Wine, it is really an INVALID PORT.

SHERLEY,
For Connoisseurs the following have their own distinctive merits—

The “INVALID” pale, delicate, fine flavor.

“AMOROSO,” a Sloe Wine, very popular.

“CANARY”—a clean dry appetizing Wine.

“WHITE SEAL,” a special favorite in China.

CLARET.

Perfectly pure Berdeau, not loaded to please.

vitiated pastries.

MOUSSON—In quarts and pints.

LAURE—In quarts and pints.

St. ESTEPHE—In quarts and pints.

MABAUX-MEDOC in quarts and pints.

LIQUEUR.

Benedictine from the Monastery.

C. P. & Co. are the Sole Consignors of this world wide known Liqueur.

For Price apply to either of the above Firms marked *

1003

INTIMATIONS.

A TTENTION is directed to the following forms of Policies granted by the STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

These are Policies by a fixed number of premiums, each premium securing a proportionate part of the sum assured in the event of Death. Policy value determined. For example, a person who is assured for \$1,000 with premiums owing in 10 years, and who desired to discontinue his policy at the end of 5 years, would receive a Policy for \$200, on which no further or ordinary premiums would require to be paid.

These Policies are payable to the Life assured on his attaining the age of 45, 50, 55, 60 or 65 or to his representatives, should he preface the age agreed upon.

These two forms of Policies are specially suitable for residents in the East, who are a party to pay moderate premium while in a period of need, and who wish to be relieved of the amount of premiums when they return to England or from service.

Full particulars as to rates, &c., may be obtained on application to the

BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED,
Agents, Hongkong.

INTIMATIONS.

NOW READY. 1888.
THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY
FOR 1888.
With which is incorporated
THE CHINA DIRECTORY.
(TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL ISSUE).
COMPLETE, WITH APPENDIX, PLANS, &c., &c.
ROYAL 8vo., pp. 1,290.....\$5.00.
SMALLER EDITION, 8vo., pp. 816.....\$3.00.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY
has been thoroughly revised and brought up
to date, and is again much increased in bulk.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED

OUR FIRST SHIPMENT

OF XMAS CONFECTIONERY, &

CONSISTING OF CADBURY'S CHOCOLATE

AND CHOCOLATE CREAMS

IN GREAT VARIETY.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN SWEETS.

NOUGAT, SUGARED ALMONDS,

AND FRENCH CONFECTIONERY,

&c., &c.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 27th November, 1888.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Communications on editorial matters should be addressed "The Editor," and those on business "The Manager," and not to individuals by name.

Correspondents are requested to forward their name and address with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication, but as evidence of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press should be sent before 11 a.m. on the day of publication. After half hours the supply is limited.

TELEPHONE No. 12.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, NOVEMBER 27TH, 1888.

This official correspondence which has recently passed between France and Italy on the capitulations at Massawa, has given the Japan Mail a text for an article on extraterritoriality in Japan. The two powers named have agreed upon what our contemporary calls "the rule of international law" that extraterritoriality disappears, *ipso facto*, where the area within which it prevails comes under the sovereignty of a Christian power. The Japan Mail then goes on to argue that in this connection the word "Christian" means simply not Mussulman, or not based on a theological system opposed to Christianity. It is further contended that Japan's laws and her judicial procedure are in no way based upon or sub-servient to a theological system, and that in everything that concerns this question of her right to demand repair of the breach in her sovereign power she is just as much "un puissance chrétienne et civile" as any Western state. From these arguments the conclusion is drawn that extraterritoriality in Japan is opposed to international law. But international law is an uncertain thing, and is especially uncertain in respect of this particular subject. Our contemporary says "no other protest has ever been advanced, or could possibly be advanced, for insisting that the jurisdiction of an independent state shall not extend to every one residing within its territories," than that its institutions and laws are part and parcel of a peculiar theological system. We are not aware that the protest has ever been thus formulated before. Where a nation has been desirous of extending protection to its subjects abroad, and has not been satisfied with the Government of the country where they resided, it has, when strong enough, set up an extraterritorial jurisdiction. It is true that the earliest extraterritorial capitulations were made by imposed on Mussulman powers, but that is no reason why the same principle should not be applied to other non-Christian powers, as it has been. Our contemporary is on firmer ground when he argues that the facts which warranted extraterritoriality in Japan have ceased to exist and that the natural order of things should be re-established. The progress made by Japan has been such as to warrant the granting to her, under suitable guarantees for its equitable administration, of a fuller jurisdiction over aliens than she possesses under the existing treaties. But even the Japan Mail admits that the circumstances of Japan do not fully satisfy Western standards. "Her manner of administering the new law leaves much to be desired, and the new civil codes remain to be promulgated." Our criminal codes, however, have, nay our contemporary, been brought into accord with Occidental principles, and it only remains for her to do the same with her civil codes. There occurs the following passage—"If, in addition, she is required to show that her judiciary is up to the standard of her laws, that will be a purely arbitrary condition which, according to their own showing, Western powers have no right to exact. It should suffice for them that the country's codes of law and legal procedure are consistent with the principles of Western jurisprudence." Western powers, however, will require something more than this. The matter is one of arrangement between the parties, and as in all such cases, where there is no independent tribunal to appeal to, the stronger party is able to impose conditions. When Western powers are satisfied that the laws and the constitution of the courts of Japan ensure the equitable treatment of foreigners, they may be content to surrender their rights of extraterritoriality, but whatever may be said of the theoretical right of Japan to exercise jurisdiction over aliens in the meantime, the right will not be conceded in practice until this is brought about. And, notwithstanding the eloquent advocacy of the Japan Mail, we cannot admit that extraterritoriality could at present or for long time to come be surrendered without substantial guarantees to this effect.

The Shaghat Courier hears that Mr. C. B. Clark, who has filled the post of Municipal Surveyor for about twenty years, has tendered his resignation. As far as we can make out, it will be accepted. At present we do not venture to give the history of the matter that has culminated in this course being taken by Mr. Clark, as, doubtless, the Council will have something to say on the subject in the reports of their proceedings. The position is worth about £10,000 per month, with house, and other perquisites. Different candidates are already making applications for the post, and it is also known that the Council should obtain a first-class man out from home, who would be free from local influences.

The river steamer *Kuang-hien* arrived here from Macao yesterday, fully dressed with bandaging, bringing on board Colonel Ferraria da Silva, Sr. Francisco Maria de Salles, and Sr. Ignacio da Costa Cabral, who are en route to the Shaghat. On Saturday and Sunday there were arrivals at Macao at the Club Uniao and at the Grange in their honour, and at the latter the Consul General of Brazil and his friends were present to bid them bon voyage, among whom were Marshal and Military officers and Consuls General, Alfonso Antônio Saúvage, and Antonio Gomes da Silva Teles.

A meeting of the Executive Council was held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of awarding Hon. P. Stewart, Colonial Secretary, as Officer Administering the Government during the absence of Sir William D. Peel, Vice-Chairman from the colony. The members present are Hon. G. A. Stretton, M.R.A.S. vic., H. M. Civil Service. Hongkong: KELLY and WALSH, 1888.

The following circular is said to have been received by the Chinese merchants in New York from their home offices in Hongkong and Shanghai:—General Circular, No. 1, 1888.—To all who are interested in the purchase of the following articles from American sources for the market here, as they are being severely boycotted by members of the trades unions and other citizens. These are the articles now prescribed: Petroleum, white sheetings, all kinds of American calico, was and American firearms, ginseng root and flour.

From our Macao correspondent's letter we learn that the election of the new Municipal Chamber took place at Macao on Sunday the 25th instant, when 240 votes were put into the ballot box, and 23,000 votes cast on behalf of the Unionists. The result was that the Unionists won the election.

The following results were obtained:—Antônio José Baptista, Jr., obtained 168 votes; Francisco Paula Souza, 144; Maximino dos Reis, 123; Nicolo Simoes, 114; Consalve da Cunha, 114; Dr. Joaquim Baptista, 100; Dr. Jose Viegas Pereira, Nicolo Telmo Fernandes, Alfonso Antônio Saúvage, and Antonio Gomes da Silva Teles.

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The book with which we are now concerned is an amplification of "How to write the Radicals." We regret to see that all the errors and mistakes in both writing and pronunciation which we very carefully pointed out in our critique of the last named work are with one single exception, repeated in the present one. This is a great pity. An introduction of twenty-five closely packed pages contains a lot of general remarks addressed to the beginner on Chinese writing in general, and on the differences between native pen and paper and similar clerical articles in use in the West. The proper way of managing the Chinese pen is also described, illustrated by a somewhat rough wood-cut taken from Dr. Williams' "Easy lessons in Chinese." Then comes a detailed analysis of the eight elementary strokes into which all Chinese characters, however complicated, can be ultimately resolved; the bulk of the remarks here are taken from Dr. Bridgeman's "Chinese Chrestomathy the Canton Dialect." This is followed by a series of ten practical rules for forming the different kinds of strokes used in the characters in which this is succeeded again by general directions and remarks as to the pressure to be exerted on the pen at different parts of the stroke; the whole forming a series of notes, so to speak, which must be simply invaluable to the tyro. Mr. Ball's treatment is at once effective and final, and is a model of what such work should be.

The type used for the Chinese characters is that used in ordinary printing, and, of course, is quite amenable to the book. Such type is too stiff, and lacks that boldness, breadth, and freedom, that artifices and picture variety of stroke that it is so eminently characteristic of the best specimens of Chinese calligraphy; moreover, it frequently stylifies the English text accompanying it. We choose a few examples from it in the hope of giving some idea of the want of finish in the main body of the book. The Radicals themselves are far more completely and exhaustively treated in this than in the previous work. Each Radical has its pronunciation given in the Peking, Canton dialects, the author quoted in each instance being a sufficiently reliable guarantee of their accuracy; the English meaning is then given in the case in which they occur. The character is written in such a way that it is easily recognisable as it is succeeded again by general directions and remarks as to the pressure to be exerted on the pen at different parts of the stroke; the whole forming a series of notes, so to speak, which must be simply invaluable to the tyro. Mr. Ball's treatment is at once effective and final, and is a model of what such work should be.

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NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

"GLEN" LINE OF STREAM PACKETS
FROM LONDON, PENANG, AND
SINGAPORE.
THE Steamship

"GLENARTNEY."

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that their goods are being landed at their risk into the godowns of the HONGKONG AND KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY, LIMITED, AT KOWLOON, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary is given before NOON, TO-DAY.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 29th November, will be subject to cost.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Consignees are also requested to present all claims for damage or shortages not later than the 5th of December, otherwise they will not be recognized.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATTHESON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 22nd November, 1888. [2156]

INSURANCES.

HENRY FIRE OFFICE

The Undersigned are now prepared to GRANT POLICIES OF INSURANCE against FIRE at Current Rates.

DOUGLAS LAPRAK & CO., Agents for the Phoenix Fire Office

Hongkong, 17th August, 1888. [16]

NOTICE.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

NORTON & CO., Agents

Hongkong, 16th July, 1888. [2115]

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY

The Undersigned having been appointed Agents in conjunction with MESSRS. TURNER & CO. for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

W. HEWETT & CO., Agents

Hongkong, 8th June, 1888. [2086]

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF 1877 IN HAMBURG.

The Undersigned Agents of the above Company, are Prepared to ACCEPT RISKS at Current Rates.

FUSTRI & CO., Agents

Hongkong, 18th January, 1888. [167]

GENERAL LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY

The Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE AND LIFE at Current Rates.

PUSTAU & CO., Agents

Hongkong, 1st April, 1888. [1681]

TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

SIEGMESSEN & CO., Agents

Hongkong, 16th November, 1888. [15]

NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY AT HAMBURG.

The Undersigned Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT INSURANCES to the extent of \$85,000, on first-class risks at current rates.

MELCHERS & CO., Agents

Hongkong, 27th March, 1888. [210]

THE LONDON ASSURANCE INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FIRST.

A.D. 1720.

The Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation, are prepared to grant Insurances as follows:

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Polices issued for long or short periods at current rates.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Polices issued for sums not exceeding £5,000, at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & CO., Agents

Hongkong, 26th July, 1888. [1967]

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED, ESTABLISHED 1870.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

CAPITAL TWO MILLION DOLLARS: PAID UP CAPITAL \$400,000 RESERVE FUND \$50,000 CLAIMS PAID \$20,000 BONUSES PAID \$30,000 RISKS ACCEPTED AT CURRENT RATES OF PREMIA.

JAS. B. COUGHTRE, Secretary

Hongkong, 30th March, 1888. [711]

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned Agents of the above Company, are authorized to INSURE against FIRE at Current Rates.

GILMAN & CO., Agents

Hongkong, 1st January, 1888. [17]

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

CAPITAL (\$UBSCRIBED), \$1,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LUN SIN SANG, Etc.
BAN HU, Etc.
YU CHOW PING, Etc.
CHAN LI CHOY, Etc.
Q. HOI CHUW, Etc.

The Company GRANTS POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World, payable at any of its Agencies.

Contributory Dividends are payable to all Contributors of Business, whether they are Shareholders or not.

HONGKONG, 5th June, 1888. [180]

PEAK MOUNT KELLET.

BUNGALOW, UNFURNISHED, TO BE LET—from 1st October to 1st May next, at reduced rate.

Apply to EDWARD SCHELLHAASS & CO., Hongkong, 21st September, 1888. [1798]

TO LET.

BUNGALOW No. 35, Pokfulam Road and Third Street.

Apply to BELLIOS & CO., Hongkong, 2nd November, 1888. [2153]

NOW ON SALE.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES AGAINST FIRE to the extent of \$80,000 on any one

FIRST-CLASS RISK.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents

Imperial Fire Insurance Company

Hongkong, 8th May, 1888. [18]

TEN YEARS IN THE FAR EAST JUST PUBLISHED.

DEMY, SWI, 163, CLOTH, \$20.00.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship "WINGSANG," having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of cargo by her are hereby informed that their goods are being landed at their risk into the godowns of the HONGKONG and KOWLOON Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, at West Point, whence delivery may be obtained.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 29th inst. will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Consignees are required to present all claims for damage or shortages not later than the 5th of December, otherwise they will not be recognized.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATTHESON & CO., General Managers

Hongkong, 22nd November, 1888. [2157]

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

THE KOWLOON FERRY.

STEAM-LAUNCH.

"MORNİNG STAR."

Rain Daily Ferry Boat between PADDELL'S WHARF and Tsim-Tsui at the following hours.—This Time Table will take effect from the 1st June, 1888.

Leaves Leaves Leaves Leaves Leaves Leaves
7.00 A.M. 1.30 P.M. 7.00 A.M. 1.30 P.M. 7.00 A.M. 1.30 P.M.
6.45 " 2.00 " 7.45 " 3.00 " 6.45 " 2.00 "
7.59 " 2.30 " 8.00 " 3.30 " 7.59 " 2.30 "
8.07 " 3.20 " 8.00 " 4.00 " 8.07 " 3.20 "
8.45 " 4.16 " 9.00 " 5.00 " 8.45 " 4.16 "
9.15 " 4.50 " 9.30 " 5.10 " 9.15 " 4.50 "
9.45 " 5.25 " 10.00 " 5.40 " 9.45 " 5.25 "
10.24 " 6.45 " 12.00 Noon 7.00 " 10.24 " 6.45 "
12.15 P.M. 7.15 " 12.30 P.M. 7.30 " 12.15 P.M. 7.15 "
12.45 " 7.45 " 1.00 "

* There will be no Launch on Monday and Friday, or account of cooling.

The above Time Table will be strictly adhered to, except under unavoidable circumstances. In case of stress of weather, due notice will be given of any stoppages.

[22]

THE KOWLOON FERRY.

Regierungs- und Handels-Kontor der Kaiserlich Deutschen Konzern A. (Siegel) BUDLER.

J. No. 1072. [2340]

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG, 60, PATERSON ROW.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY.

LOS FILIPINOS IMPORTERS OF TOBACCO AND MANILA CIGARS.

25, POTTERING STREET.

A large and varied Stock of best Descriptions of Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobacco, etc.

Wholesale and Retail at Moderate Prices.

INSPECTOR RESPECTFULLY INFORMED.

SILVERSTEIN, ARLEGUY & CO., Proprietors.

Hayes (A.), Shanghai, Etc.

D. GILLIES, Secretary.

Hongkong, 6th August, 1888. [1732]

BEKANNTMACHUNG.

Die EINTRAGUNGEN der Handels-

Kontore sowie anderweitige Bekannt-

machungen des Kaiserlichen Konzerns

wurden im Jahre 1888 durch die Zeitung

THE HONGKONG DAILY PRESS veröffentlicht.

In the event of complaint being made

to the Head Office, No. 14, Praya Central, will receive prompt attention.

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